

The CEN Standards for the Identification of Cinematographic Works: A Brief Overview

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Why yet another standard?

We already have:

- Library standards (AACR, ISBD, MARC, ...)
- Archival standards (ISAD, EAD, ...)
- Museum standards (Spectrum, CIDOC, …)
- International Standard Audiovisual Number (ISAN)
- MPEG-7 Multimedia Description Scheme
- Standards for television archives (P/META)
- Visual Resources Association VRA Core
 ... and many more to choose from.





Some Requirements

The simple element set should be

- suitable for basic identification of film works
- useful for OAI-based infrastructures and as a database browsing format

The extended schema should

- cover most of the complexities of detailed catalogue records
- be designed for interoperability with current metadata specifications
- be useful as common external representation for existing databases and as reference for system design





A Two-Part Standard

- Part 1 (EN 15744)
- Defines names and semantics of fifteen basic metadata elements
- Part 2 (in preparation as EN 15745)
- A comprehensive metadata element set
- A data model based on current reference models
- Verifiable syntax scheme(s) for external representation and data exchange





CWS Part 1 (EN 15744)

Not unlike Dublin Core Element Set (ISO 15836) ... and to be used for similar purposes

- Title
- Series/serial
- Cast
- Credits
- Production company
- Country of reference
- Original format
- Original length

- Original duration
- Original language
- Year of reference
- Identifier
- Genre
- Relationship
- Source





CWS Part 2 (EN 15745)

Defines:

- Basic entities: cinematographic work, expression, manifestation, item, agent, event
- Relationship types
- sub-elements, attributes, and data types
- Namespace-based extensibility of elements
- XML schema for syntactic validation, either stand-alone or via NVDL





CWS Part 2 (EN 15745)

Does not define:

- Detailed elements at the FRBR item level (e.g. for collection management); only a summary of holdings
- Value lists for data elements and attributes. Where applicable, use of existing vocabularies will be recommended.
- Cataloguing rules (i.e. how to determine the various element values from available sources). This will be handled by the FIAF Cataloguing and Documentation Commission.
- A complete data model for implementors





Levels of Granularity

- Existing databases vary widely in levels of detail. Examples:
- Archive A has only one category of title, archive B has four categories, and archive C has categories plus qualifying attributes such as when and where a title was used.
- Archive A records a single year for the creation date, archive B gives precise production time spans (where known), and archive C has additional records of when and where the film has been shot.





Levels of Granularity

- Different amounts of detail can be reconciled through levels of granularity. Examples:
- 1962 year of reference; reference is "unknown"
- 1962 year of reference; reference is "production"
- 1961-1962 year of reference; reference is "production"; syntax is year-span
- 1962-02-14—1962-04-12 "recording event"; data type is "time-span"; event type is "studio (indoor) shootings"
- Note: all examples are compliant





Names vs. Authorities

Some catalogues use authority files, others don't. A record without authority control may have e.g.

• Screenplay: John Doe

A record with authority control can simply have an added identifier:

Screenplay: [John Doe; ID: P038940]

... or a full copy of the authority record.

 Screenplay: [Person record [ID: P038940; first name: John; last name: Doe; born: 1958-02-12 ...]]





Aggregation of Information

Merging of filmographic data from different sources can produce confusing results: <u>Search results (4)</u>

Specify Search »

Title	
HURDES LAS TIERRA SIN PAN	Spain
HURDES, LAS (Tierra sin pan) (Terre sans Pain)	Spain
Las Hurdes	Spain
LAS HURDES O TIERRA SIN PAN	Spain

Is this the same cinematographic work?





Aggregation of Information

Directed by Luis Buñuel; produced in Spain, 1933



Original version, mute Las Hurdes, tierra sin pan [Spanish, original]

1936 sound version in French Additional credits to Abel Jacquin (narrator); Darius Milhaud (music) and Johannes Brahms (musical score)

Terre sans pain [French, distribution title]

Las Hurdes o tierra sin pan [Spanish, distribution title] 1936 dubbed version in Spanish Land WITNOUT Bread [English, translated]

Terra senza pane [Italian, translated]

Las Hurdes - Land ohne Brot [German, translated]





Extensibility

Using namespaces, CWS metadata can co-exist with other metadata standards

<cws:AgentRelationship> <cws:Activity>Director of Photography</cws:Activity> <cws:AgentInstance> <mpeg7:Person> <mpeg7:Name> <mpeg7:GivenName>Henri</mpeg7:GivenName> <mpeg7:FamilyName>Alekan</mpeg7:FamilyName> </mpeg7:Name> ... (other person details from an MPEG7 authority file) ... </mpeg7:Person> </cws:AgentInstance> </cws:AgentRelationship>





Not limited to XML

<rdf:RDF xmlns:rdf="http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdfsyntax-ns#"

xmlns:cws="http://filmstandards.org/schemas/EN15745/1.0#" >

<rdf:Description

```
about="http://example.org/cinema/works/92837">
<cws:CinematographicWork cws:descriptionLevel="m">
<cws:Identifier
```

cws:scheme="http://example.org/cinema/works/"> 92837

</cws:Identifier>

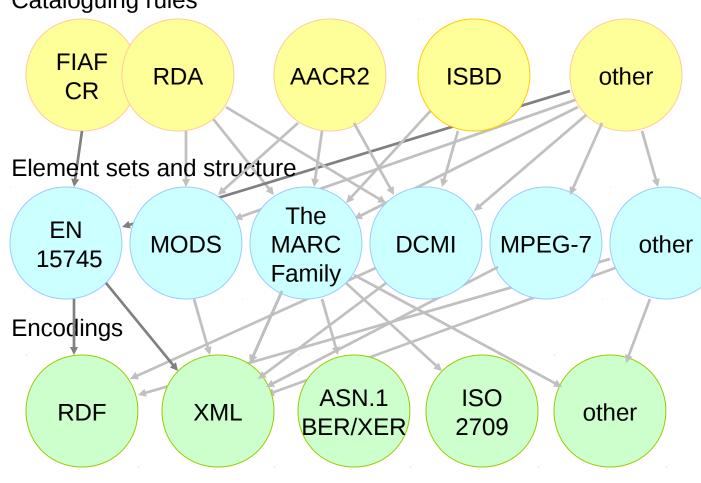
<cws:Identifying title> Die einsame Insel [1920] </cws:Identifying title>

```
...
```





A layer between cataloguing and encoding Cataloguing rules







A part of an infrastructure

